FIRST 5 YUBA COMMISSION
(A Component Unit of the County of Yuba)
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2013

## FIRST 5 YUBA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

$\underline{Page}$
Commission Membership
Independent Auditor's Report1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis4-8
Basic Financial Statements:
Statement of Net Position
Statement of Activities10
Governmental Fund Balance Sheet
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance12
Notes to Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balance- Budget and Actual – Non GAAP Basis23
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
Supplementary Information
Schedule of Expenditures by Fund Source and Net Position of California Children and Families Commission Funds for the First 5 Programs and Activities25
Schedule of the Status of Prior Audit Findings
20 21
Other Reports
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with  Government Auditing Standards
Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance
Letter to Management 32

## FIRST 5 YUBA Commission Membership As of June 30, 2013

<u>Name</u>	<b>Position</b>	Date of Original Appt.	Current <u>Term Expires</u>
Matthew John Floe	Chairperson - Community Member	04/2007	04/2016
Dr Joseph Cassady	County Representative	12/1998	06/2013
Suzanne Nobles	County Representative	01/2003	N/A
Mary Jane Griego	Board of Supervisors	01/2004	When Replaced
Joginder Sekhon	Community Member	04/2012	04/2015
Melinda Staples	Community Member	09/2011	04/2016



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners First 5 Yuba Marysville, California

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of First 5 Yuba (The Commission), a component unit of the County of Yuba, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the

reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and major fund of the Commission, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 4 through 8 and 23 through 24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The summary schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2013 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Jensen Smith

Certified Public Accountants

inser mith

Lincoln, California

October 15, 2013

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

First Five Yuba Commission was established in 1998 following the passage of Proposition 10 (Prop 10). The Commission is responsible for the management and investment of Prop 10 revenues in Yuba County. First Five Yuba's vision is "All Yuba County children are healthy and thriving in safe and nurturing family environments and ready to succeed in their educational experiences."

Proposition 10 was approved by California voters in 1998, and established the California Children and Families Commission, know as First 5 California. It authorized the establishment of county commissions in all fifty-eight California counties. Prop 10 generates approximately \$450 million annually from tax on cigarettes and other tobacco products. First 5 California uses 20 percent of the annual revenues for statewide parent education efforts and administration. The remaining 80 percent is divided among county commissions, with county birth rates used to determine annual funding allocations. All Prop 10 revenues must be spent only on promoting, supporting and improving the development of all children, from prenatal through age five.

The work and investments of First Five Yuba are guided by a seven member commission. Commissioners are appointed by the Yuba County Board of Supervisors in compliance with the California Children and Families Act. First Five Yuba is a public entity legally separate and apart from the County, and is considered a component unit of the County due to the operational relationship between First Five Yuba and the County. Commissioners represent the fields of education, health, mental health and local government. As a public entity, the Commission bases its decisions on community input. We observe The Brown Act Open Meetings for Local Legislative Bodies and public comment is always invited and welcome.

What happens from age 0 through 5 strongly influences how a child will function in school and later in life. A clear goal for First 5 Commissions across the state is for children to be socially, emotionally, physically and intellectually ready for school. Four long-range outcomes, or strategic results, have been identified to support this universal Prop 10 goal:

1. Improved Family Functioning: Strong Families

2. Improved Child Development: Children Learning

3. Improved Child Health: Healthy Children

4. Improved Infrastructure: Community Collaboration

Investment opportunities in early care and education benefit families, children, and the community. First Five Yuba's local investment of Prop 10 revenues connects early brain development to school readiness. Our vision, mission, goals and objectives aim to enhance the health and well-being of Yuba County's youngest residents, promoting optimal brain development today and powerful possibilities for the future.

By focusing investment on the 0 through 5 years of peak brain development, Prop 10 has a positive impact on public spending. Significant spending reductions in the areas of special education, welfare assistance and criminal justice will occur as children become better prepared for school and progress toward becoming contributing members of the workforce and society.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Commission's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements report essentially the same functions as those reported in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and government wide statements.

The Commission adopts an annual appropriated budget for its fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13-22 of this report.

**Required Supplementary Information (RSI).** RSI is presented concerning the Commission's General Fund budgetary schedule. The Commission adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

### Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Commission, assets exceed liabilities by \$3,161,201 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The Commission's net position increased overall by \$211,603 during the 2012-2013 fiscal year. This increase in net position is explained in the governmental fund analysis below.

The most significant portion of the Commission's net position is its cash balance of \$3,092,109. Cash is maintained by the County Treasurer in the County's cash and investment pool where interest earned on the Commission's balance is apportioned to the Commission. Another source of resources also resides in the Commission's receivables due from the State Commission for Prop 10 taxes in the amount of \$157,017. These receivables represent taxes that were remitted by the State but had not been received by the Commission as of June 30, 2013.

The most significant portion of the Commission's liabilities are accounts payable of \$67,944 representing payments due for obligations incurred during the year, but not yet paid. The majority of these accounts payable are comprised of amounts owed to major grantees for the April through June 2013 quarter.

#### Statement of Net Position Comparison

	FY 2012-13	FY 2011-12	Di	fference
Total Assets	\$ 3,271,306	\$ 3,054,489	\$	216,817
Total Liabilities	110,105	130,938		20,833
Total Net Position	\$ 3,161,201	\$ 2,923,551	\$	237,650

#### Statement of Activities Comparison

	FY 2012-13	FY 2011-12	Difference
Total Revenues	\$ 897,843	\$ 940,888	\$ (43,045)
Total Expenses	653,225	676,664	(23,439)
Change in Net Assets Before Special Item	244,618	264,224	(19,606)
Special Item:			
State of California AB 99 revenue (expense)		1,476,677	(1,476,677)
Change in Net Position	\$ 211,603	\$ 1,740,901	\$ (1,529,298)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

### Financial Analysis of the Commission's Governmental Fund

As noted earlier in the Overview of Financial Statements, fund accounting is used by the Commission to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

For the year-ended June 30, 2013, the Commission reported an ending fund balance of \$3,190,019, an increase of \$243,748 or 8%, from the prior year. The increase is a result of an increase in Cash in the County Treasury.

Under GASB 54 regulations, the Commission has reserved \$3,190,019 or 100% of their funds in the Committed Fund Balance category.

Total revenue consisting of Prop 10 funds, interest income decreased from \$940,888 to \$897,843, a decrease of \$43,045, or 5%, from the prior fiscal year. This decrease resulted from a decrease in Prop 10 Tobacco Tax revenue and a decrease in interest income on the Commission Trust funds.

Total expenditures decreased from \$673,042 to \$647,127, a decrease of \$25,915, or 4%, from the prior fiscal year. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in salaries and benefits due to the change in status for the Executive Director position from full-time to part-time. There were also less expenditures for major and mini grants, rent, and service and supplies.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Comparison Statement

	FY	2012-13	F	Y 2011-12	Difference
Total Revenues	\$	897,843	\$	940,888	\$ (43,045)
Expenditures					
Administration		218,637		235,912	(17,275)
Professional Services		428,490		437,130	(8,640)
Total Expenditures		647,127		673,042	(25,915)
Less Special Item:					
State of California AB 99 revenue (expense)				1,476,677	 (1,476,677)
Changes in Fund Balance	\$	250,716	\$	1,744,523	\$ (1,493,807)

#### Fund Budgetary Highlight

Total revenues were slightly over budget by \$29,620 or 3%, and total expenditures were under budget by \$879,907 or 56%. The total revenue increase was due to a slight increase in Prop 10 Tobacco Tax revenue and Interest Income. Expenditures were under budget due to the budget being a cash basis budget and the totals compiled for the audit are on accrual basis. A portion of the remaining expenditure funds are actually committed for future expenditures on multi-year contracts.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

#### Capital Assets

The Commission's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of June 30, 2013 is \$0 (net of accumulated depreciation). Additional information is located in Note 4 of this report.

#### **Debt Administration**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission did not have any long-term obligations outstanding. Other long-term liabilities include compensated absences of \$4,874 and other post-employment benefits of \$23,944. Additional information on these liabilities is located in Notes 5 and 8 of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Commission is committed to focusing Prop 10 funds on promoting, supporting and improving the development of all children, from prenatal through age five.

The following economic factors were considered in preparing the Commission's budget for fiscal year 2013-2014:

- Expected decrease in Prop 10 Tobacco Tax revenue
- Continued commitment to current multi-year projects
- Maintain and grow the fund balance designated for Commission initiatives

Future year annual budgets will be adopted in accordance with regularly updated Long Range Financial Plans, and the updated Strategic Plan adopted by the First Five Yuba Commission in June, 2013.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the First Five Yuba Commission finances for all those interested. Questions concerning, any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to First Five Yuba Commission, 1114 Yuba Street, Suite 147, Marysville, CA 95901.

Respectfully Submitted,

Cynthia Sodari Executive Director

## FIRST 5 YUBA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

## **ASSETS**

Cosh in County Traccury	\$ 3,092,109
Cash in County Treasury	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Due from First 5 CA	157,017
Contract Advances - Prepaid	15,181
Interest Receivable	6,999
Total Assets	3,271,306
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts Payable	67,944
Accrued Payroll	13,343
Long-term Liabilities:	
Compensated Absences Payable	4,874
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability	23,944
Total Liabilities	110,105
NET POSITION	
Restricted	3,161,201
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 3,161,201

## FIRST 5 YUBA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FIRST 5 PROGRAM EXPENSES	
Salaries and Employee Benefits	\$ 166,942
Outside Services and Supplies	46,981
Rent and Utilities	10,157
Program Evaluation	48,604
Improved Family Functioning	63,509
Improved Child Development	145,380
Improved Child Health	4,999
Mini-grants	5,820
Major Grants	160,178
Depreciation	655
Total Program Expenses	653,225
PROGRAM REVENUES	
Operating Grants and Contributions:	
Prop 10 Apportionment	864,371
Surplus Money Investment Funds	307
Other Revenue	 150
<b>Total Program Revenues</b>	 864,828
<b>Net Program Revenues (Expense)</b>	211,603
GENERAL REVENUES	
Interest Income	 33,015
Change in Net Position	244,618
Prior Period Adjustment	(6,968)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	 2,923,551
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 3,161,201

## FIRST 5 YUBA COMMISSION BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2013

<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 3,092,109
Accounts Receivable - State of California Prop. 10	157,017
Contract Advances - Prepaid Interest Receivable	15,181 6,999
Total Assets	\$ 3,271,306
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts Payable	\$ 67,944
Accrued Payroll	 13,343
Total Liabilities	 81,287
FUND BALANCES	
Fund Balances:	
Committed for:	2 192 700
Program sustainability First 5 programs	2,182,700 1,007,319
Unassigned	-
Total Fund Balances	3,190,019
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,271,306
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Government - Wide Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities June 30, 2013	
Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund (from above)	\$ 3,190,019
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund.	
Compensated Absences	(4,874)
Other post employment benefits	 (23,944)

\$ 3,161,201

**Net Position of Governmental Activities** 

#### **FIRST 5 YUBA**

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND **CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

<b>REVI</b>	ENUES	

REVENUES		
Operating Grants and contributions:		
Prop 10 Apportionment	\$	864,371
Surplus Money Investment Fund		307
Interest Income		33,015
Other Revenue		150
Total Revenues		897,843
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>		
Salaries and employee benefits		161,170
Services and supplies		47,310
Rent and utilities		10,157
Program Evaluation		48,604
Improved Family Functioning		63,509
Improved Child Development		145,380
Improved Child Health		4,999
Mini grants		5,820
Major grants		160,178
Total Expenditures		647,127
Execess of Revenues over Expenditures		250,716
Net Change in Fund Balance		250,716
Prior Period Adjustment		(6,968)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		2,946,271
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	3,190,019
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental A	ne	s

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### Net Change to Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund \$ 250,716 Total change in net assets for governmental activities in the statement of

activities is different because:

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund

Depreciation Expense Change in Compensated Absences	(65 (1,09
Change in other post-empoyment benefit liability	(4,34

#### **Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities** 244,618

## **Note 1: Nature of the Entity**

First 5 Yuba (Commission) was established on December 15, 1998 pursuant to authority granted under the California Children and Families Act of 1998 by the County of Yuba's Board of Supervisors to operate as a separate and legal entity from the County of Yuba. The Commission is considered a component unit of the County of Yuba. The California Children and Families First Act of 1998 (Proposition 10), was adopted by the voters of the State of California on November 3, 1998. The Commission's programs are funded by taxes levied by the State of California on tobacco products.

The Commission's specific purpose is to promote, support and improve the early development of children from the prenatal stage to five (5) years of age, consistent with the goals and objectives of Proposition 10 within the County of Yuba. This purpose shall be accomplished through the establishment, institution, and coordination of appropriate standards, resources, and integrated and comprehensive programs emphasizing community awareness, education, nurturing, childcare, social services, health care and research.

The Commission is administered by a governing board of commissioners. The commissioners consist of one (1) member of the Board of Supervisors, the Health Officer of Yuba County, the Director of Health and Human Services, and four members of the community who represent an area specific to the purpose of the Commission, Community Commissioners serve for three year terms and may review for additional terms.

## **Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

## A. Basis of Presentation and Accounting Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (Commission). These statements include financial activities of the overall Commission.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the Commission's governmental activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with the Commission. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of the Commission. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including investment income, are presented instead as general revenues.

## Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when related cash flows take place. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, restricted resources are used only after the unrestricted resources are depleted.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Proposition 10 taxes investment income are accrued when their receipt occurs within ninety days after the end of the accounting period so as to be both measurable and available. All receivables are expected to be collected within the current year. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Commission gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) value in exchange, include sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from sales taxes are recognized when the underlying transactions take place and have met the availability criteria. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Commission reports one major governmental fund, the General Fund. The General Fund is the Commission's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

#### B. Due from First 5 CA

This amount represents receivables from the State government. Management has determined the Commission's receivables are fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been made.

## C. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical costs or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. The Commission defines assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 for equipment/furniture and a useful life in excess of one year. Provision is made for depreciation by the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from three to ten years for equipment.

## Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **D.** State Funds Receivable

This amount represents receivables from the State of California Children and Families Commission. Management has determined the Commission's receivables are fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been made.

#### E. Compensated Absences Payable

The Commission accounts for compensated absences in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No.16. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as a long-term liability in the government-wide financial statements. There is no payout of sick leave upon separation from the Commission.

#### F. Net Position/ Fund Balances

#### **Net Position**

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. The net position is categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted. The Commission has invested in capital assets, (net of related debt) and restricted funds.

*Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt* – consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

**Restricted** – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by the law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are awarded, unrestricted resources are used only after restricted resources are depleted.

## **Fund Balances**

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54 *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54) This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

## **Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### **Fund Balances (continued)**

### Nonspendable –

This category includes elements of the fund balance that cannot be spent because of their form, or because they must be maintained intact. For example:

- Assets that will never convert to cash, such as prepaid items and inventories of supplies;
- Assets that will not convert to cash soon enough to affect the current period, such as non-financial assets held for resale; or
- Resources that must be held intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements, such as revolving loan fund capital or the principal of an endowment.

#### • Restricted -

This category includes resources that are subject to constraints that are externally enforceable legal restrictions. Examples include:

- Funding from the State Commission or foundations that are legally restricted to specific uses. For example, funds advanced by First 5 CA under specific agreements for services, or matching funds for specific initiatives.
- Funds legally restricted by County, state, or federal legislature, or a government's charter or constitution.
- Amounts collected from non-spendable items, such as the long term portion of loan outstanding, if those amounts are also subject to legal constraints.
- Funding that has been designated for legally enforceable contracts but not yet spent. This includes multi-year contracts.

#### • Committed -

Two criteria determine the Agency's fund balance:

- 1. Use of funds is constrained by limits imposed by the government's highest level of decision making. The highest level of decision making for the District would be the Board of Directors.
- 2. Removal or modification of use of funds can be accomplished only by formal action of the authority (i.e., Board of Directors) that established the constraints.

## Note 2: <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (continued)

#### • Committed (continued)

Both commitments and modifications or removal must occur prior to the end of reporting period; that is, the fiscal year being reported upon. For First 5 organizations, resources in this category would include:

- Resources committed for a future initiative as long as commission action is also required to remove this commitment.
- Resources that have been committed by a commission for specific agreements that have not yet been executed, where commission action is also required to remove this commitment.
- Resources committed as the local match for a State Commission initiative.

### Assigned –

The assigned portion of the fund balance reflects a commission's intended use of resources, which is established either by the county First 5 Commission, a body created by the commission, such as a commission finance committee, or an official designated by the commission (e.g., an Executive Director). The "assigned" component is similar to the "committed" component, with two essential differences, shown in the following table:

Key Differences Between Committed and Assigned Fund Balance			
	Committed	Assigned	
A decision to use funds for a specific	Yes	No	
purpose requires action of First 5			
Commission			
Formal action of Commission is	Yes	No	
necessary to impose, remove or modify			
this constraint and formal action has			
taken place before end of reporting			
period)			

Another key difference is that the purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the fund itself. Consequently, tobacco tax revenues would not automatically be placed in the "committed" component. Resources that fit into this category include:

- Appropriation of a portion of existing fund balance sufficient to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget, where the Executive Director may decide whether to use the entire amount.
- Resources assigned to a specific program or project or organization for which the commission has approved a plan or budget
- Resources approved by a commission for a long range financial plan where formal approval is not required to modify the amount.

## **Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### • Assigned (continued)

First 5 Yuba can assign amounts under this category, and may also authorize the Executive Director to assign amounts under this category when that decision is consistent with the approved long term financial plan.

#### Unassigned –

This category includes the fund balance that cannot be classified into any of the other categories.

If situations arise where there is a possibility of assignment into more than one category, the committed amount will be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

#### **D.** Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Note 3: Credit Risk, Carrying Value and Market Value of Investments

All cash at June 30, 2013 is pooled for investment purposes and held by the County of Yuba. The Yuba County Treasury is an external investment pool for the Commission and the Commission is considered an involuntary participant. The investments made by the Treasurer are regulated by the California Government Code and by the County's investment policy. The County established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with Article 6 Section 27131 of the California Government Code. The oversight committee and the Board of Supervisors review and approve the investment policy annually. The County Treasury is accountable to the County Treasury Oversight Committee. The Commission's fair value portion in the pool is the same as the Commission's pool share.

The Commission deposits all funds in interest bearing accounts with Yuba County. The Commission does not own any specific identifiable investments in the pool. Information regarding categorization of cash and investments held in the County can be found in the County of Yuba's financial statements.

## Note 3: Credit Risk, Carrying Value and Market Value of Investments (continued)

The fair value of cash was the same as the carrying value; therefore no adjustment was made for GASB 31 compliance.

	Carrying
Pooled Investments:	Amount
Yuba County	\$3,092,109

## **Note 4: Capital Assets**

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2013, is as follows

	Balance July 1, 2012					ements	Balance June 30,2013	
Equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	4,797 (4,142)	\$	(655)	\$	 	\$	4,797 (4,797)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	655	\$	(655)	\$		\$	

### **Note 5: Compensated Absences Payable**

Commission employees have accumulated unpaid benefits for compensatory time-off and vacation earned. The accumulated benefits will be liquidated in future years as employees elect to use them. In the normal course of business, all payments of these accumulated benefits will be funded from appropriations of the year in which they are to be paid; therefore, the total liability is recorded as long-term. The total at June 30, 2013 was \$4,874.

#### **Note 6: Related Party Transactions**

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Commission paid the County of Yuba, a related party, \$14,074 for accounting and administrative services.

### **Note 7: Operating Leases**

The commission leases office space under an operating lease agreement that expires in June 2014. The minimum monthly rental is subject to adjustment as of the anniversary date (June 1) each year based upon the Consumer Price Index. Total rent charged to operations for the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$9,607.

For the year ended June 30	Amount
2014	\$ 9,607
Thereafter	

### **Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

The Commission contributes to the County of Yuba's retirement plan as a cost-sharing participant. All full-time employees of the Commission participate as County employees in which the County contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participation public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Copies of PERS' annual financial reports may be obtained from their Executive Office located at 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

### Funding Policy -

County employees are required by state statute to contribute 7.0% for miscellaneous employees of their annual covered salary. The County is required to contribute remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for the actuarial members, using the actuarial basis recommended by CalPERS actuaries and actuarial consultants and adopted by CalPERS Board of Administration. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the employer contribution rate was 14.24% for the miscellaneous plan. The County makes the contributions required of County employees on their behalf and for their account. All of the Commission's employees are classified as members of the County's miscellaneous plan.

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

The Commission's employee contributions in FY 2012-13 were \$7,882 or 7.0% of annual covered payroll and the employer's contribution was \$16,012 or 14.24% of annual covered payroll.

Three-Year Trend Information for PERS

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Pen	let sion gation
06/30/10	\$ 22,670	100%	\$	
06/30/11	21,715	100%		
06/30/12	17,927	100%		
06/30/13	16,012	100%		

## **Note 8: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)**

As a discretely presented component unit of the county of Yuba, the Commission was required to implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 45 and 50 beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The County of Yuba's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, is approximately \$1,238,000, of which the Commission's share is \$4,985. Amounts unpaid are recorded as a liability on the Statement of Net Position.

The Commission's net OPEB obligation for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, 2011 and 2010 was as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
06/30/10	\$ 6,410	9.6%	\$ 11,345
06/30/11	5,854	12.3%	16,480
06/30/12	3,554	12.3%	19,598
06/30/13	4,985	16.0%	23,944

Additional information can be obtained from the County's Audited Financial Statements, available from the Auditor-Controller Department.

### **Note 9: Risk Management**

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions, injuries to employees, employee's health; and natural disasters. The Commission has insurance policies with a private insurance company with the following policies:

General Liability Crime Bond Property Insurance

The County of Yuba is a member of the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC EIA). CSAC EIA is a member-directed risk sharing pool counties and public entities committed to providing risk coverage programs and risk management services. The Commission is covered under the policy of the County of Yuba. The County of Yuba has the following coverage through the risk pool - Excess and Primary Workers' Compensation

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Commission.

### **Note 10: Program Evaluation and Cost Allocation**

The Commission spent \$112,554 on program evaluation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. \$21,330 was used for salaries and benefits, \$16,390 was used for overhead, and \$48,604 was paid to a vendor.

The Commission separates costs into functional categories; Program, Administrative, and Evaluation. Direct expenses to the programs, administration and evaluation are classified accordingly. Personnel costs are allocated to the functions based upon functional timesheets. Indirect costs are allocated to functions based upon the weighted average of direct personnel costs. The allocated costs were as follows:

Program	\$ 447,030
Administrative	87,543
Evaluation	112,554
TOTAL	\$ 647,127

## Note 11: Section 30131.4 of the California Tax & Revenue Code Certification

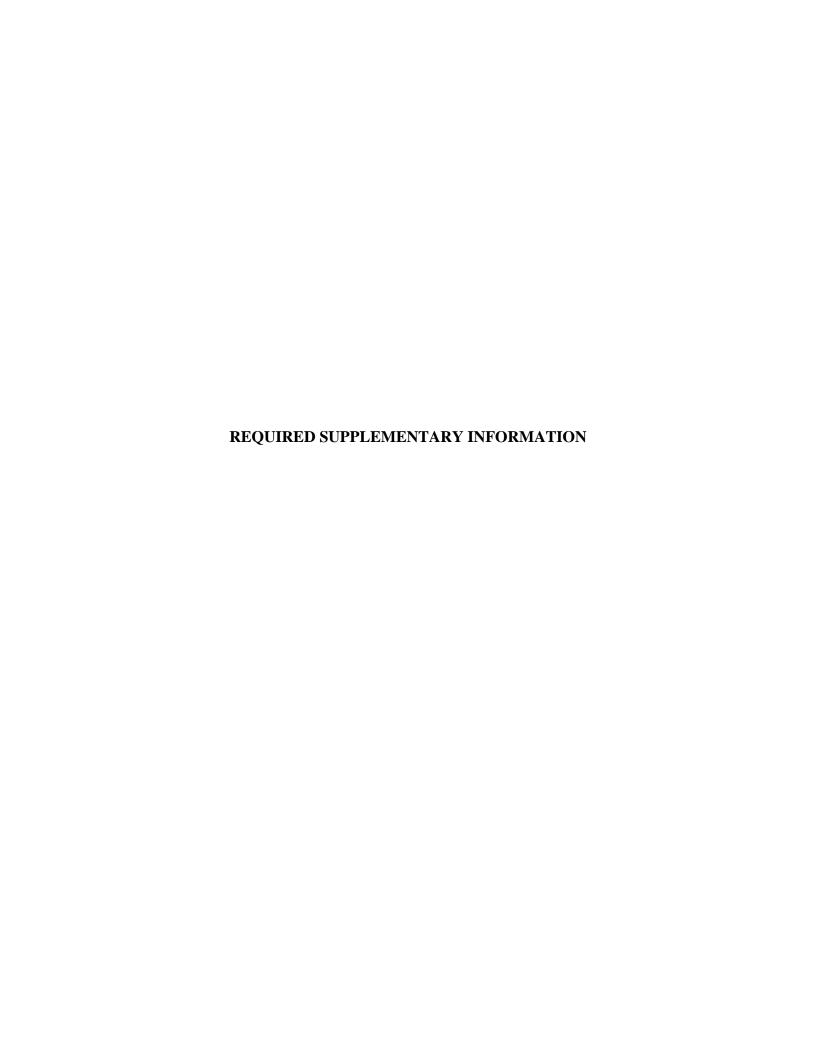
The Commission has certified that the supplant requirement stated in Section 30131.4 of the California Tax & Revenue Code has been met.

#### **Note 12: Contingent Liabilities**

The Commission receives funding from the State of California Proposition 10, the Children and Families First Act, to fund programs that promote, support, and improves the early development of children from prenatal through age five. These programs must be in compliance with applicable laws and may be subject to financial and compliance audits by the State. The amount, is any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the State cannot be determined at this time, although the County's management does not expect such amounts, if any, to be material.

### **Note 13: Subsequent Events**

Events subsequent to June 30, 2013 have been evaluated through October 15, 2013, the date at which the Commission's audited financial statements were available to be issued. No events requiring disclosure have occurred through this date.



# FIRST 5 YUBA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NON-GAAP BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With	
	Budget	Budget	Amount	Final Budget	
Resources (Inflows)					
Operating Grants, Support and Contributions:					
Prop 10 Apportionment	\$ 840,862	\$ 840,862	\$ 864,371	\$ 23,509	
Surplus Money Investment Funds	300	300	307	7	
Interest Income	26,911	26,911	33,015	6,104	
Other Revenue	150	150	150		
Total revenues	868,223	868,223	897,843	29,620	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)					
Salaries and Employee Benefits	185,815	183,753	160,576	23,177	
Outside Services and Supplies	56,024	56,689	47,007	9,682	
Rent and Utilities	12,500	11,000	10,157	843	
Program Evaluation	19,000	19,000	16,581	2,419	
Improved Family Functioning	37,460	90,555	65,495	25,060	
Improved Child Development	157,203	157,203	112,605	44,598	
Improved Child Health	5,000	5,000	5,000	-	
Mini-grants	26,300	26,300	16,655	9,645	
Major Grants	900,000	900,000	138,973	761,027	
Appropriation for Contingency	29,535	3,451	-	3,451	
Prior Year Encumberances	132,031	115,450	115,445	5	
Total Expenditures	1,560,868	1,568,401	688,494	879,907	
Deficiency (Execess) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ (692,645)	\$ (700,178)	\$ 209,349	\$ 909,527	

## **Reconciliation to GAAP Basis**

Budget Basis \$ 209,349
Change in accrued expenses
Contract Advances
GAAP Basis \$ 250,716

## FIRST 5 YUBA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2013

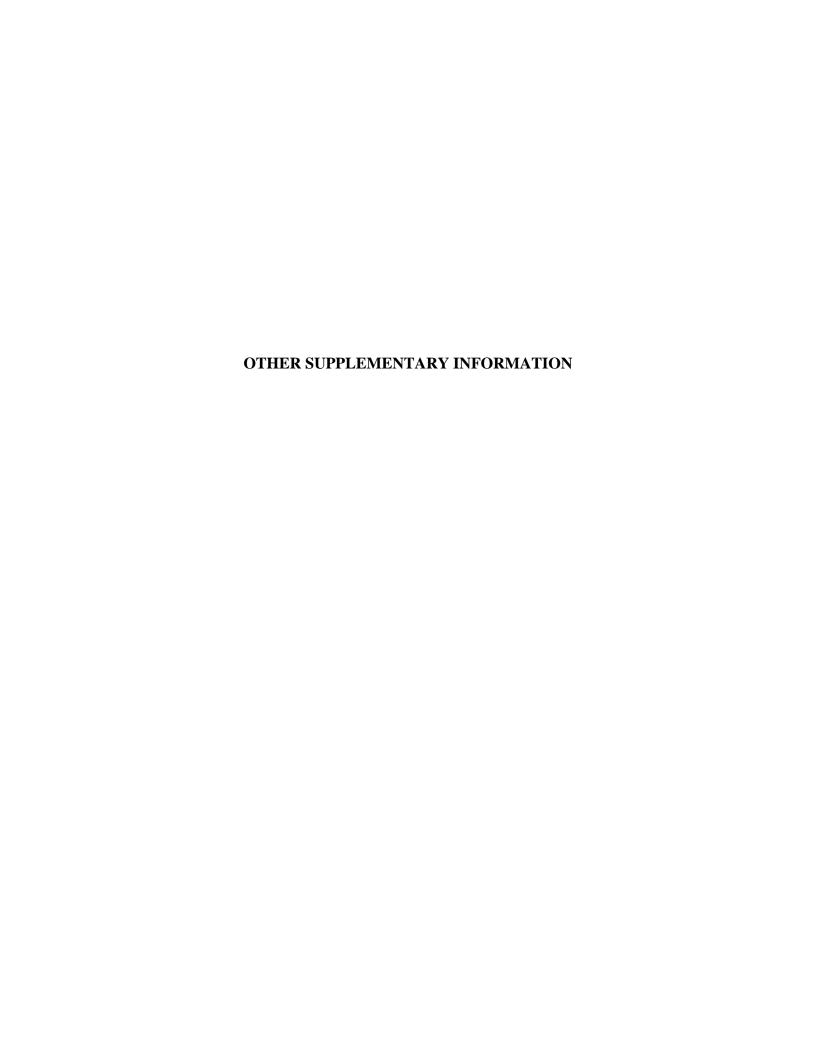
#### BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Commission prepares and legally adopts a final budget on or before August 30<sup>th</sup> of each fiscal year. The Commission's operations, commencing July 1<sup>st</sup>, is governed by the proposed budget, adopted by the Board of Commissioners in June of the prior fiscal year.

After the budget is approved, the appropriations can be added to, subtracted from or changed only at a formal public meeting. All such changes must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available in the final budget or within revised estimates as approved by the Commission.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year using the cash basis of accounting. Additionally, encumbrance accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent the estimated amount of the expenditures ultimately to result if the unperformed contracts in process at year-end are completed or purchase commitments satisfied.

The budget is adopted on the cash basis of accounting which is an other comprehensive basis of accounting. A reconciliation between the cash basis budget and the fund financial statements prepared on the modified consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.



### FIRST 5 YUBA

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE AND NET POSITION OF CALIFORNIA CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION FUNDS FOR FIRST 5 PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	C	venue CFC unds	Exp	enditures	N	ge in et tion	Begi		Position of Year
CCFC Funds	\$		\$		\$		\$	 \$	

## FIRST 5 YUBA SCHEDULE OF THE STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

## 09-01 and 12-01 Reliance upon Auditor for Reporting and Footnote Disclosures.

<u>Condition</u>: Currently, the Commission relies on the external auditors to ensure its financial statements are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This is a repeat finding from the prior year.

**Recommendation:** The Commission may consider the following possible actions:

- Provide training opportunities for its accounting staff that would enable them to become more familiar with the general disclosure requirements. This training should include, but is not limited to, the usage of a disclosure checklist, which provides guidance to the financial statement's content and whether a necessary disclosure has been overlooked.
- Hire an external Certified Public Accountant to confirm that the financial statements and related disclosures are in accordance with GAAP.
- Take no action. The Commission may find that the costs outweigh the benefits to adhere to this standard. No action will result in a significant deficiency in the Commission's internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements.

**Response:** The Commission has determined that the costs outweigh the benefits to adhere to this standard and elects to take no specific action at this time. This deficiency has occurred in past years and the Commission determined the cost of providing training to staff or hiring external Certified Public Accountant (CPA) to confirm the financial statements and related disclosures are in accordance with GAAP are *not* cost effective.

The Commission staff will continue to reconcile internal records against the Yuba County Auditor-Controller's financial statements for compliance with GAAP and GASB standards. The Commission will continue to review and discuss this repeat audit finding at their annual audit public meetings. Specific Commission agendas and minutes of these public meetings will be provided within two weeks to the State Controller's Office as required by Health and Safety Code section 130151(d).

The above response is consistent with the GFOA's (Government Finance Officers Association) Recommended Practice – Mitigating the Negative Effects of Statement on Auditing Standards No. 115 (2007)(CAAFR): "The GFOA does not recommend that governments engage the services of a second accounting firm to assist in preparing its financial statements solely to avoid having a significant deficiency or material weakness reported."

<u>Criteria</u>: The statement on Auditing Standard No.115, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit (SAS 115), was issued in 2008 and is effective for all audits with periods ending after December 15, 2009. The standard provides guidance in that is an entity is unable to draft its own financial statements; there may be a material weakness or significant deficiency. External auditors cannot be part of the Commission's internal controls, including controls over the preparation of the financial statements, and are prohibited from auditing their own work as doing so impairs their independence.

The Commission should have the capacity to prepare full disclosure financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards.

Status: Uncorrected



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners First 5 Yuba Marysville, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of First 5 Yuba (Commission), a component unit of the County of Yuba, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2013.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the First 5 Yuba's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express and opinion on the effectiveness of the First 5 Yuba internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. However we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned

functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material* weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described below as finding 13-01 to be a material weakness

#### 13-01 Reliance upon Auditor for Reporting and Footnote Disclosures.

Criteria: Statement of Auditing Standards No. 115, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, (SAS 115), was issued I n 2008 and is effective for all audits with periods ending after December 15, 2009. The standard provides guidance in that if an entity is unable to draft its own financial statements, there may be a material weakness or significant deficiency. External auditors cannot be part of the Commission's internal controls, including controls over the preparation of the financial statements, and are prohibited from auditing their own work as doing so impairs their independence.

The Commission should have the capacity to prepare full disclosure financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. To carry out this responsibility, the Commission must have proper internal controls over financial reporting in place. Proper internal controls over financial reporting include, but are not limited to, internal controls that identify misstatements in the financial records, retaining staff competent in financial reporting and related oversight roles, and adequate design of internal control over the preparation of the financial statements.

**Condition:** Currently, the Commission relies on the external auditors to ensure its financial statements are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This is a repeat finding from the prior year.

**Cause:** The Commission does not employ staff or contract with outside resources that would provide the Commission with the competencies needed to prepare GAAP compliant financial statements.

**Effect:** The risk of misstatement in the financial statements increases when management is not able to apply GAAP in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes. Also, by relying on the external auditors to ensure its financial statements are in accordance with GAAP, the Commission is considering the external auditors a part of its internal controls over the preparation of financial statements.

**Recommendation:** The Commission may consider the following possible actions:

 Provide training opportunities for its accounting staff that would enable them to become more familiar with the general disclosure requirements. This training should include, but is not limited to, the usage of a disclosure checklist, which

- provides guidance to the financial statement's content and whether a necessary disclosure has been overlooked.
- Hire an external Certified Public Accountant to confirm that the financial statements and related disclosures are in accordance with GAAP.
- Take no action. The Commission may find that the costs outweigh the benefits to adhere to this standard. No action will result in a significant deficiency in the Commission's internal controls over the preparation of financial statements.

**Response:** The Commission has determined that the costs outweigh the benefits to adhere to this standard and elects to take no specific action at this time. This deficiency has occurred in past years and the Commission determined the cost of providing training to staff or hiring an external Certified Public Accountant (CPA) to confirm the financial statements and related disclosures are in accordance with GAAP are *not* cost effective.

The commission staff will continue to reconcile internal records against the Yuba County Auditor-Controller's financial statements for compliance with GAAP and GASB standards. The Commission will continue to review and discuss this repeat audit finding at their annual audit public meetings. Specific Commission agendas and minutes of these public meetings will be provided within two weeks to the state Controller's office as required by Health and Safety Code section 130151(d).

The above response is consistent with the GFOA's (Government Finance Officers Association) Recommended Practice - <u>Mitigating the Negative Effects of Statement on Auditing Standards No. 112 (2007)(CAAFR)</u>: "The GFOA does *not* recommend that governments engage the services of a second accounting firm to assist in preparing its financial statements solely to avoid having a significant deficiency or material weakness reported."

## First 5 Yuba's Response to Findings

First 5 Yuba's response to the finding identified in our audit is described above. First 5 Yuba's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the First 5 Yuba's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended for the information and use of the County Board of Supervisors, the County Commission, the State Controller's Office, federal agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Jensen Smith

**Certified Public Accountants** 

Lincoln, California

October 15, 2013



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Commissioners First 5 Yuba Marysville, California

#### Compliance

We have audited the basic financial statements of First 5 Yuba (Commission), a component unit of the County of Yuba, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013 and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We have also audited the Commission's compliance with the requirements specified in the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State Controller's Office, applicable to the Commission's statutory requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2013.

#### Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of the Commission's management.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our compliance audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State Controller's Office. Those standards and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance

about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the statutory requirements listed below occurred. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence about the Commission's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Commission's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Commission's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Commission's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Audit Guide	Procedures
<u>Description</u>	<b>Procedures</b>	<b>Performed</b>
Contracting and Procurement	6	Yes
Administrative Costs	3	Yes
Conflict of Interest	3	Yes
County Ordinance	4	Yes
Long-range Financial Plans	2	Yes
Financial Condition of the Commission	1	Yes
Program Evaluation	3	Yes
Salaries and Benefit Policies	2	Yes

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, First 5 Yuba complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the statutory requirements listed above for the year ended June 30, 2013.

This report is intended solely for the information of the County Board of Supervisors, The County Commission, the State Commission and the State Controller's office and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Jensen Smith

Certified Public Accountants Lincoln, California 95648

October 15, 2013



P.O. Box 160 Lincoln, CA 95648 Office (916) 434-1662 Fax (916) 434-1090

October 15, 2013

Board of Commissioners First 5 Yuba Marysville, California

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen,

Thank you for your confidence in choosing us for your auditing needs.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of First 5 Yuba (the Commission) for the year ended June 30, 2013, we considered the Commission's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A separate report dated October 15, 2013 contains our report on the Commission's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated October 15, 2013, on the financial statements of the Commission.

We wish to thank your Director and staff for their assistance in completing the audit and researching our questions. We appreciated how well organized your staff is and how quickly they responded to our inquiries. It was a pleasure to work with you and we look forward to working with you again next year. We wish you success for the fiscal year 2013-2014.

Sincerely,

Jensen Smith

Certified Public Accountants